

Fuel oil/gas-fired boilers

GT 330

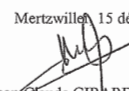


Installation and Service Manual

Declaration of conformity CE

The appliance complies with the standard model described in declaration of compliance **CE**. It is manufactured and distributed pursuant to the requirements of european directives.

The original declaration of conformity is available from the manufacturer.

| | | |
|--|--|--|
| DÉCLARATION DE CONFORMITÉ CE EG - VERKLARING VAN OVEREENSTEMMING EC - DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY EG - KONFORMITÄT SERKLÄRUNG | | |
| Fabricant/Manufacturer/Hersteller/Fabrikant | : DE DIETRICH THERMIQUE | |
| Adresse/Adress/Adress | : 57 rue de la gare | |
| Ville, pays Stad, Land/City, Country/Land, Ort | : F-67580 MERTZWILLER | |
| - déclare ici que les produit(s) suivant(s) | : GT 330 | |
| - verklaart hiermede dat de toestel(len) | : 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 éléments | |
| - this is to declare that the following product(s) | | |
| - erklärt hiermit das die Produk(te) | | |
| produit (s) par | : DE DIETRICH THERMIQUE : 57, rue de la Gare : F-67580 MERTZWILLER | |
| répond/répondent aux directives CEE suivantes: voldoet/voldoen aan de bepalingen van de onderstaande EEG-richtlijnen: is/are in conformity with the following EEC-directives: den Bestimmungen der nachfolgenden EG-Richtlinien entspricht/entsprechen: | | |
| CEE-Directive: | 92/42/CEE | normes appliquées, toegepaste normen: |
| EEG-Richtlijn: | 92/42/EEG | tested and examined to the following norms: |
| EEC-Directive: | 92/42/EEC | verwendete Normen: |
| EG-Richtlinie: | 92/42/EWG | EN 303.2(1999), EN 304(1993) |
| | 90/396/CEE | EN 303.3 (1999) |
| | 90/396/EEG | |
| | 90/396/EEC | |
| | 90/396/EWG | |
| | 73/23/CEE | DIN EN 50165(2001) EN 50165 (1997+A1:2001) |
| | 73/23/EEG | DIN EN 60335-1(2003), EN 60335-1(2002) |
| | 73/23/EEC | |
| | 73/23/EWG | |
| | 89/336/CEE | EN 55014-1(2000+A1:2001) |
| | 89/336/EEG | EN 55014-2(1997+A1:2001) |
| | 89/336/EEC | EN 61000-3-2(2000), |
| | 89/336/EWG | EN 61000-3-3(1995+A1:2001) |
| | | EN55022 classe B (1998+A1 :2000) |
| | 97/23/CEE | (art.3 section 3) |
| | 97/23/EEG | (art. 3, lid 3) |
| | 97/23/EEC | (article 3, sub 3) |
| | 97/23/EWG | (Art. 3, Absatz 3) |
| | | Mertzwiler 15 décembre 2008 |
| | |  |
| | | Jean-Claude GIRARDIN Directeur des opérations industrielles Recherche et développement |



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1 Safety instructions

- ⚠ Danger**
This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.
- ⚠ Any operation on the installation must be performed by a qualified technician respecting professional regulations and in accordance with this document.**
- ⚠ Before any work, switch off the mains supply to the appliance. Protect the installation against any unwanted restarts.**
- ⚠ For a proper operating of the boiler, follow carefully the instructions.**
- ⚠ The manufacturer is not liable for any improper use of the appliance or failure to maintain or install the unit correctly (the user shall take care to ensure that the system is installed by a qualified engineer).**
- ⚠ Work on electrical equipment must be carried out by a qualified professional in compliance with the prevailing regulations.**
- ⚠ Check that the appliance is properly set for the type of gas used.**
- ⚠ Keep to the polarity shown on the terminals: phase (L), neutral (N) and earth \perp .**
- ⚠ Check the seal on the gas and water pipe connections.**
- ⚠ We shall not accept any responsibility for any damage and disturbance arising from not following these instructions.**
- ⚠ Incorrect use or unauthorised modifications to the installation or the equipment itself invalidate any right to claim.**

1.1 General safety instructions

1.1.1 Fire hazard

- ⚠ Do not stock products of an inflammable nature close to the appliance.**

1.1.2 Risk of intoxication

- ⚠ Do not obstruct the air inlets in the room (even partially).**
- ⚠ If you smell flue gases**
1. Switch the appliance off
 2. Open the windows
 3. Evacuate the premises
 4. Contact a qualified professional









1.1.3 Risk of being burnt

- ⚠ Depending on the settings of the appliance:**
- The temperature of the flue gas conduits may exceed 60°C
 - The temperature of the radiators may reach 95°C
 - The temperature of the domestic hot water may reach 65°C

1.1.4 Risk of damage

- ⚠ Do not stock chloride or fluoride compounds close to the appliance.**
- ⚠ Install the appliance in frost-free premises.**
- Do not neglect to service the appliance: Contact a qualified professional or take out a maintenance contract for the annual servicing of the appliance.

1.2 Recommendations

-  For a proper operating of the boiler, follow carefully the instructions.
-  Any intervention on the appliance and heating equipment must be carried out by a qualified engineer.
-  The manufacturer is not liable for any improper use of the appliance or failure to maintain or install the unit correctly (the user shall take care to ensure that the system is installed by a qualified engineer).
-  Work on electrical equipment must be carried out by a qualified professional in compliance with the prevailing regulations.
-  Check that the appliance is properly set for the type of gas used.
-  Keep to the polarity shown on the terminals: phase (L), neutral (N) and earth $\frac{1}{\text{---}}$.
-  Check the seal on the gas and water pipe connections.
-  We shall not accept any responsibility for any damage and disturbance arising from not following these instructions.

1.3 Liabilities

1.3.1 Manufacturer's liability

Our products are manufactured in compliance with the requirements of the various applicable European Directives. They are therefore delivered with **CE** marking and all relevant documentation. In the interest of customers, we are continuously endeavouring to make improvements in product quality. All the specifications stated in this document are therefore subject to change without notice.

Our liability as the manufacturer may not be invoked in the following cases:

- Failure to abide by the instructions on installing the appliance
- Failure to abide by the instructions on using the appliance
- Faulty or insufficient maintenance of the appliance


1.3.2 Installer's liability

The installer is responsible for the installation and commissioning of the appliance. The installer is required to observe the following instructions:


- Read and follow the instructions given in the manuals provided with the appliance
- Install the appliance in accordance with the legislation and standards currently in force
- Perform the initial start up and carry out any checks necessary
- Explain the installation to the user
- If a maintenance is necessary, warn the user of the obligation to check the appliance and maintain it in good working order
- Give all the instruction manuals to the user

2 About this manual

2.1 Symbols used in the manual

 **Caution danger**
Risk of injury and damage to equipment. Attention must be paid to the warnings on safety of persons and equipment.

 **Specific information**
Information must be kept in mind to maintain comfort.

 **Reference**
Refer to another manual or other pages in this instruction manual.

2.2 Abbreviations

- ▶ **DHW:** Domestic hot water.
- ▶ **PPS:** Polypropylene hardly inflammable.
- ▶ **3CE:** Collective conduit for sealed boiler
- Hi:** Lower heating value LHV (Nett)
- Hs:** Higher heating value HHV (Gross)

2.3 Homologations

2.3.1 Certifications

■ In general

CE identification no: 1312 BR 46 17 (Base):
France, Germany, Austria, Belgium, Spain, Italy, Luxemburg, Poland, Portugal, Czech Republic, Slovenia, Switzerland.

CE identification no: 1312 BR 47 83 (Export):
Algeria, Bulgaria, China, Finland, Greece, Ireland, Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, Norway, Romania, Russia, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey.

■ In particular for Switzerland:

Accreditation no. OFEFP: 293010
Accreditation no. AEAI: 8088

2.3.2 Directive 97/23/EC

Gas and oil boilers with a maximum operating temperature of 110°C and hot water tanks with a maximum operating pressure of 10 bar pertain to article 3.3 of the directive, and therefore, cannot be CE-marked to certify compliance with the directive 97/23 EC.

The boilers and hot water tanks are designed and manufactured in accordance with the sound engineering practice, as requested in article 3.3 of the directive 97/23/EC, it is certified by compliance with the directives 90/396/EC, 92/42/EC, 2006/95/EC and 2004/108/EC.

3 Technical description

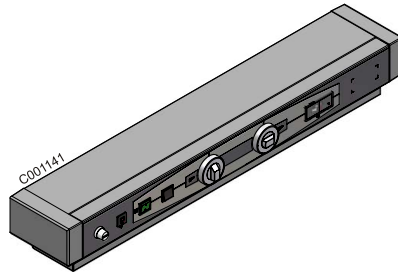
3.1 General description

The boilers of the GT 330 range are pressurised hot water boilers designed for connecting to a flue pipe which require a separate automatic fuel-oil or gas burner. GT 330 boilers have the following characteristics:

- Heating body in cast iron.
- **S3, B3, K3** or **DIEMATIC-m3** control panel.
- Production of domestic hot water can be ensured by a separate hot water calorifier.

3.2 Composition of the range

3.2.1 GT 330 S3: Boiler with basic control panel



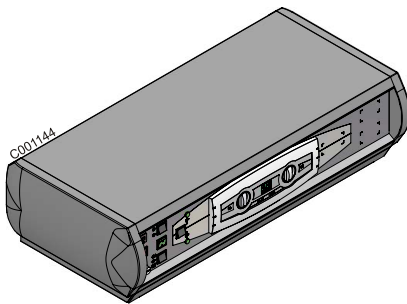
Standard panel to be fitted

Panel comprising the settings, control and safety devices allowing the boiler to operate autonomously, without regulation.

The standard panel is used to connect the boiler to the boiler room control cabinet.

This cabinet can be fitted with control units.

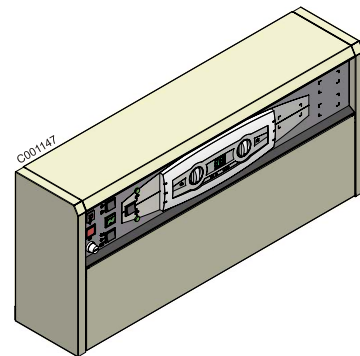
3.2.2 GT 330 B3 : Boiler with electronic control panel.



Separate panel

Top of the range electronic control panel with digital display, comprising the settings, control and safety devices allowing the boiler to operate autonomously.

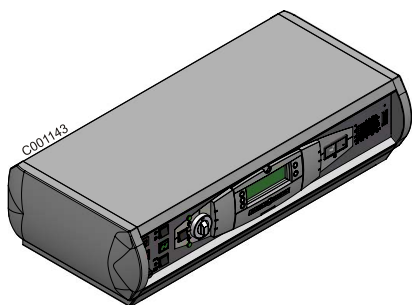
The control panel is used to control boilers with 1 or 2-stage burners. This panel makes it possible to give priority to DHW.



Side panel

A version of the B3 control panel with lateral attachment is also available.

3.2.3 GT 330 DIEMATIC-m3: Boiler with DIEMATIC-m3 electronic control panel



Separate panel

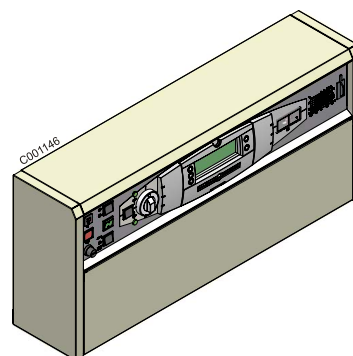
Top of the range electronic control panel with digital display, comprising the settings, control and safety devices allowing the boiler to operate autonomously.

The DIEMATIC-m3 panel is fitted as standard with a control unit which operates according to the outside temperature.

The control panel enables the operation of a boiler fitted with a 1 stage, 2 stage or modulating burner.

The DIEMATIC-m3 panel also allows the boiler to be used as a master boiler for installations with 2 to 10 boilers in cascade.

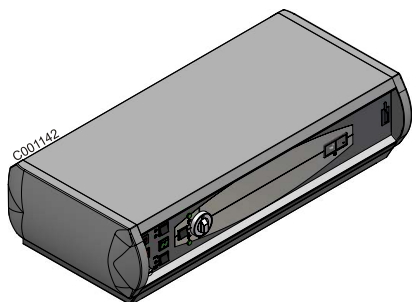
The other boilers (1 to 9) must be fitted with a "K3" control panel.



Side panel

A version of the DIEMATIC-m3 control panel with lateral attachment is also available.

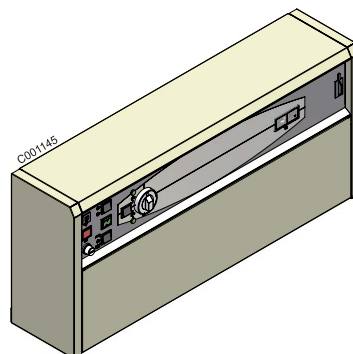
3.2.4 GT 330 K3: Boiler with K3 control panel



Separate panel

The K3 control panel is fitted only in association with a boiler fitted with a DIEMATIC-m3 control panel as part of a cascade installation (2 to 10 boilers can be connected in a cascade).

The control panel enables the operation of a boiler fitted with a 1 stage, 2 stage or modulating burner.



Side panel

A version of the K3 control panel with lateral attachment is also available.

3.3 Technical specifications

3.3.1 Boilers for following countries: France, Belgium, Spain, Italy, Luxemburg, Poland, Portugal

Conditions of use:

Maximum operating temperature: 100 °C

Maximum operating pressure: 6 bar


Thermostat adjustable from 30 to 90°C

Safety thermostat: 110 °C

Test conditions:
CO₂ Fuel oil = 13%CO₂ Natural gas = 9.5%

Ambient temperature: 20 °C

| Boiler | | GT 334 | GT 335 | GT 336 | GT 337 | GT 338 | GT 339 | |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------|
| Useful output | kW | 55-90 | 90-115 | 115-150 | 150-185 | 185-230 | 230-280 | |
| Power input | kW | 60-99 | 97-126 | 124-164 | 162-202 | 200-251 | 248-304 | |
| Water content | l | 96 | 116 | 136 | 156 | 176 | 196 | |
| Number of sections | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | |
| Stand-by losses - 50 °C (A) | % | 0.150 | 0.135 | 0.125 | 0.115 | 0.100 | 0.085 | |
| Number of baffle plates | | 6 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 | |
| Water resistance | Δ T = 10K (B) | mbar (C) | 11 | 18 | 31 | 46 | 68 | 105 |
| | Δ T = 15K (B) | mbar (C) | 4.6 | 7.4 | 14.2 | 19.5 | 30.1 | 46 |
| | Δ T = 20K (B) | mbar (C) | 2.6 | 4.2 | 8 | 11 | 17 | 26 |
| Flue gas temperature (B) | °C | < 200 | < 190 | < 190 | < 190 | < 190 | < 190 | |
| Pressure in the furnace for nozzle pressure = 0 (B) (D) | mbar (C) | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 2.2 | |
| Mass flue gas flow rate (B) | Fuel oil | Kg/h | 151 | 192 | 252 | 309 | 383 | 465 |
| | Natural gas | Kg/h | 159 | 211 | 277 | 340 | 422 | 512 |
| Combustion chamber | Inscribed diameter | mm | 377 | 377 | 377 | 377 | 377 | 377 |
| | Length | mm | 571 | 731 | 891 | 1051 | 1211 | 1371 |
| | Volume | m³ | 0.096 | 0.122 | 0.148 | 0.174 | 0.200 | 0.226 |
| Maintenance consumption* | Δ T = 30K | % | 0.150 | 0.135 | 0.125 | 0.115 | 0.100 | 0.085 |
| Weight (empty) | kg | 612 | 736 | 846 | 981 | 1103 | 1230 | |

 **In order for the boiler to operate correctly, it is imperative to respect the draught at the nozzle: 0 at the nozzle.**

***Maintenance consumption:** total heat emission when the burner is off as a percentage of the nominal input power when the difference between the mean boiler temperature and the room temperature is 30 K.

- (A) Stand-by losses in accordance with NFD 30002 standard in % of input power.
- (B) Nominal operation (top boiler power).
- (C) 1 mbar = 10 mmWG = 10 daPa.
- (D) In no event must the draught at the nozzle exceed 0.2 mbar.

3.3.2 Boilers for Switzerland

Conditions of use:

Maximum operating temperature: 100 °C

Maximum operating pressure: 6 bar

Thermostat adjustable from 30 to 90°C

Safety thermostat: 110 °C


Test conditions:

 CO₂ Fuel oil = 13%

 CO₂ Natural gas = 9.5%

Ambient temperature: 20 °C

| Boiler | | | GT 334 | GT 335 | GT 336 | GT 337 | GT 338 | GT 339 |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Useful output | | kW | 51-70 | 66-103 | 95-135 | 117-184 | 151-234 | 162-278 |
| Power input | | kW | 55-76 | 71-112 | 102-147 | 126-200 | 162-255 | 173-303 |
| Water content | | l | 96 | 116 | 136 | 156 | 176 | 196 |
| Number of sections | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Stand-by losses - 50 °C (A) | | % | 0.150 | 0.135 | 0.125 | 0.115 | 0.100 | 0.085 |
| Number of baffle plates | | | 6 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 |
| Water resistance | Δ T = 10K (B) | mbar (C) | 10 | 17 | 29 | 44 | 68 | 105 |
| | Δ T = 15K (B) | mbar (C) | 5 | 7 | 13 | 20 | 30 | 46 |
| | Δ T = 20K (B) | mbar (C) | 3 | 4 | 7 | 11 | 17 | 26 |
| Flue gas temperature (C) | | °C | < 180 | < 180 | < 180 | < 180 | < 180 | < 180 |
| Pressure in the furnace for nozzle pressure = 0 (B) (D) | | mbar (C) | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 2.2 |
| Mass flue gas flow rate (B) DIN 4705 Teil 1 | Fuel oil | Kg/h | 116 | 171 | 225 | 306 | 390 | 463 |
| | Natural gas | Kg/h | 122 | 180 | 236 | 321 | 409 | 486 |
| Combustion chamber | Inscribed diameter | mm | 377 | 377 | 377 | 377 | 377 | 377 |
| | Length | mm | 571 | 731 | 891 | 1051 | 1211 | 1371 |
| | Volume | m³ | 0.096 | 0.122 | 0.148 | 0.174 | 0.200 | 0.226 |
| Maintenance consumption* | Δ T = 30K | % | 0.150 | 0.135 | 0.125 | 0.115 | 0.100 | 0.085 |
| Weight (empty) | | kg | 612 | 736 | 846 | 981 | 1103 | 1230 |

 **In order for the boiler to operate correctly, it is imperative to respect the draught at the nozzle: 0 at the nozzle.**

- (A) Standby consumption LVR 92
(Boiler temperature: 70 °C)
- (B) Nominal operation (top boiler power).
- (C) 1 mbar = 10 mmWG = 10 daPa.
- (D) In no event must the draught at the nozzle exceed 0.2 mbar.

3.3.3 Boilers for following countries: Germany, Austria, Czech Republic, Slovenia

Conditions of use:

Maximum operating temperature: 100 °C

Maximum operating pressure: 6 bar


Thermostat adjustable from 30 to 90°C

Safety thermostat: 110 °C

Test conditions:
CO₂ Fuel oil = 13%CO₂ Natural gas = 9.5%

Ambient temperature: 20 °C

| Boiler | | | GT 334 | GT 335 | GT 336 | GT 337 | GT 338 | GT 339 |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Useful output | | kW | 55-80 | 80-110 | 110-140 | 140-175 | 175-210 | 210-250 |
| Power input | | kW | 60-87 | 86-120 | 119-153 | 151-190 | 188-228 | 226-271 |
| Water content | | l | 96 | 116 | 136 | 156 | 176 | 196 |
| Number of sections | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Number of baffle plates | | | 6 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 12 |
| Maintenance consumption (A) | Δ T = 30K | % | 0.150 | 0.135 | 0.125 | 0.115 | 0.100 | 0.085 |
| Water resistance | Δ T = 10K (C) | mbar (B) | 8.7 | 16.5 | 27 | 41.2 | 56.9 | 84 |
| | Δ T = 20K (C) | mbar (B) | 2.1 | 3.8 | 7 | 9.6 | 14.2 | 20.8 |
| Flue gas temperature (C) | | °C | < 180 | < 180 | < 180 | < 180 | < 180 | < 180 |
| Pressure in the furnace for nozzle pressure = 0 (C) (D) | | Pa (B) | 20 | 35 | 60 | 110 | 150 | 200 |
| Mass flue gas flow rate (C) DIN 4705 Teil 1 | Fuel oil | kg per sec | 0.037 | 0.051 | 0.065 | 0.081 | 0.097 | 0.115 |
| | Natural gas | kg per sec | 0.039 | 0.054 | 0.068 | 0.085 | 0.102 | 0.121 |
| Combustion chamber | Inscribed diameter | mm | 377 | 377 | 377 | 377 | 377 | 377 |
| | Length | mm | 571 | 731 | 891 | 1051 | 1211 | 1371 |
| | Volume | m³ | 0.096 | 0.122 | 0.148 | 0.174 | 0.200 | 0.226 |
| Weight (empty) | | kg | 612 | 736 | 846 | 981 | 1103 | 1230 |

 **In order for the boiler to operate correctly, it is imperative to respect the draught at the nozzle: 0 at the nozzle.**

- (A) Standby consumption LVR 92
(Boiler temperature: 70 °C)
- (B) 1 mbar = 10 mmWG = 10 daPa.
- (C) Nominal operation (top boiler power).
- (D) In no event must the draught at the nozzle exceed 0.2 mbar.

3.3.4 Boilers for following countries: Algeria, Bulgaria, China, Finland, Greece, Ireland, Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, Norway, Romania, Russia, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey

Conditions of use:

Maximum operating temperature: 100 °C

Maximum operating pressure: 6 bar

Thermostat adjustable from 30 to 90°C

Safety thermostat: 110 °C


Test conditions:

 CO₂ Fuel oil = 13%

 CO₂ Natural gas = 9.5%

Ambient temperature: 20 °C

| Boiler | | | GT 334 | GT 335 | GT 336 | GT 337 | GT 338 | GT 339 |
|--|--------------------|----------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Useful output | | kW | 70-105 | 105-140 | 140-180 | 180-230 | 230-280 | 280-330 |
| Power input | | kW | 76-117 | 115-156 | 153-199 | 197-253 | 252-309 | 305-361 |
| Water content | | l | 96 | 116 | 136 | 156 | 176 | 196 |
| Number of sections | | | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| Stand-by losses - 50 °C (A) | | % | 0.17 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.09 |
| Number of baffle plates | | | 6 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Water resistance | Δ T = 15K | mbar (B) | 6.2 | 10.9 | 20.4 | 30 | 44.5 | 63.8 |
| Flue gas temperature (C) | | °C | 210 | 210 | 210 | 210 | 210 | 210 |
| Pressure in the furnace for nozzle pressure = 0 (C) (D) | | mbar (B) | 0.3 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 2.5 |
| Mass flue gas flow rate (C) | Fuel oil | Kg/h | 178 | 238 | 306 | 391 | 475 | 560 |
| | Natural gas | Kg/h | 187 | 250 | 321 | 410 | 499 | 588 |
| Flue gas circuit volume (Flue ways + Combustion chamber) | | m ³ | 0.163 | 0.206 | 0.249 | 0.292 | 0.335 | 0.378 |
| Combustion chamber | Inscribed diameter | mm | 377 | 377 | 377 | 377 | 377 | 377 |
| | Length | mm | 571 | 731 | 891 | 1051 | 1211 | 1371 |
| | Volume | m ³ | 0.096 | 0.122 | 0.148 | 0.174 | 0.200 | 0.226 |
| Weight (empty) | | kg | 612 | 736 | 846 | 981 | 1103 | 1230 |


 **In order for the boiler to operate correctly, it is imperative to respect the draught at the nozzle: 0 at the nozzle.**

- (A) Stand-by losses in accordance with prevailing standard
- (B) 1 mbar = 10 mmWG = 10 daPa
- (C) Nominal operation (top boiler power)
- (D) In no event must the draught at the nozzle exceed 0.2 mbar.

4 Installation

4.1 Regulations governing installation

4.1.1 In general

 Installation must be carried out in accordance with the prevailing regulations, the codes of practice and the recommendations in these instructions.

4.1.2 In particular for France:

Heating installations must be designed and constructed in such a way as to prevent the return of water from the heating circuit and products put into it into the drinking water network located upstream. The installation must not be in direct relation with the drinking water network (Article 16-7 of the departmental health Directive).

When these installations are fitted with a filling system connected to the drinking water network, they comprise a CB disconnecter (disconnecter for zones with non-controllable pressure differences) which satisfy the functional requirements of the NF P 43-011 standard.

■ Residential buildings

Statutory terms and conditions of installation and maintenance:

The installation and maintenance of the appliance must be carried out by a qualified professional in compliance with the statutory texts of the codes of conduct in force, particularly:

- Order of 27 April 2009 amending the Order of 2 August 1977 Technical and safety rules applicable to combustible gas and liquefied hydrocarbon installations situated inside residential buildings and their annexes.
- NF P 45-204 standards Gas installation, (formerly DTU 61-1, gas installations: April 1982, addendum no 1: July 1984).
- Local Sanitary Regulations

For appliances connected to the electricity network:

- NF C 15-100 standards Low voltage electrical installation - Rules..

■ Establishments open to the public

Statutory terms and conditions of installation:

The installation and maintenance of the appliance must be carried out in compliance with the statutory texts and rules of the codes of conduct in force, particularly:

- Safety regulations against fire and panic in establishments open to the public:
 - a. General regulations

For all appliances:

- Articles GZ - Installations operating on combustible gases and liquefied hydrocarbons.

Then, depending on use:

- Articles CH-Heating, ventilation, refrigeration, air conditioning and production of steam and domestic hot water.
- b. Instructions specific to each type of establishment open to the public (hospitals, stores, etc.).

■ Certificate of compliance (only concerns GT 330 boilers fitted with a gas burner)

In application of Article 25 of the Order of 27 April 2009 amending the Order of 2 August 1977 amended and Article 1 of the amended Order of 05/02/1999, the installer is required to draw up certificates of conformity approved by the Ministers responsible for construction and gas safety:


- Different forms (forms 1, 2 or 3) for a new gas installation.
- Model 4 in particular after replacing a furnace with a new one.

4.1.3 In particular for Germany

Abide by the following standards, rules and directives when installing and commissioning the boiler:

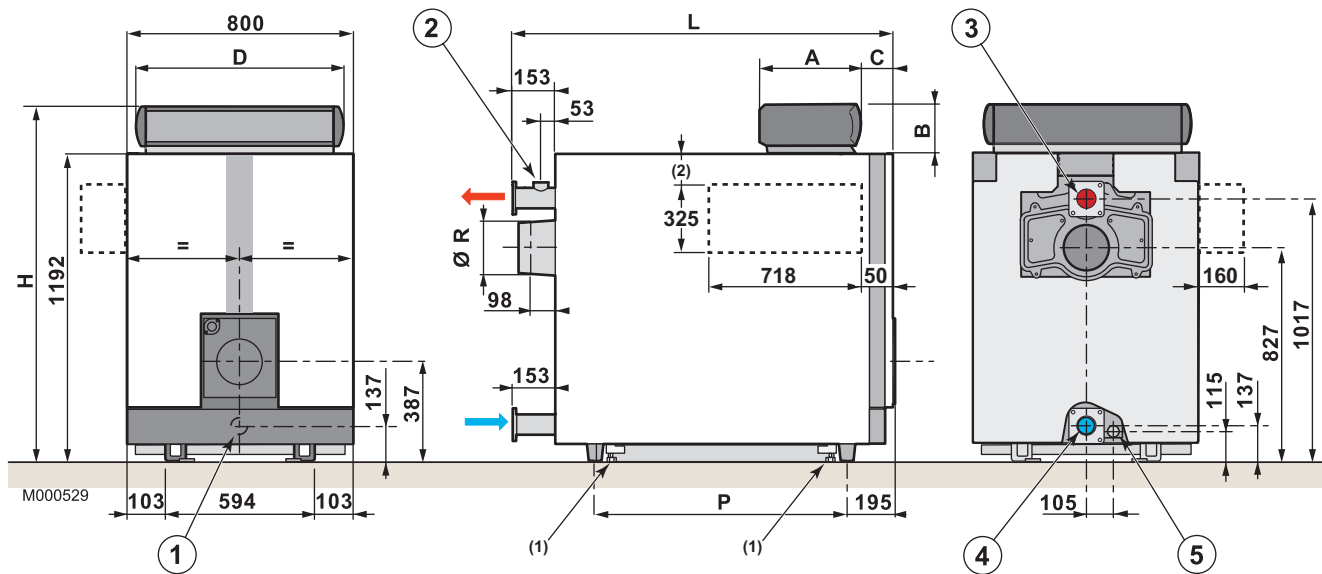
- DIN 4705: calculation of chimney dimensions.
- DIN EN 12828 (June 2003 edition): heating systems in buildings. Planning of hot water heating installations (up to a maximum operating temperature of 105°C and a maximum output of 1 MW).
- DIN 4753: drinking and industrial water heating installations.
- DIN 1988: technical rules on drinking water installations (TRW).
- DVGW-TRGI: technical rules on gas installations, including complementary equipment.
- Working paper DVGW G 260/I: technical rules on the nature of the gas.

4.2 Package list

 See assembly instructions.

4.3 Choice of the location

4.3.1 Main dimensions



- ① Sludge removal hole \varnothing Rp 2 1/2 (plugged)
- ② Rp 1 1/2 socket for the safety control unit
- ③ Heating flow (Flange + Counter flange with collar to be welded) orifice \varnothing 2" 1/2 (Option: \varnothing 2")
- ④ Heating return (Flange + Counter flange with collar to be welded) orifice \varnothing 2" 1/2 (Option: \varnothing 2")
- ⑤ Rp 1 1/2 draining outlet (plugged)

- Mk Tapped connection
- (1) Adjustable feet: Basic dimension 0 mm, adjustment possible: 0 to 40 mm
- (2) The lateral control panel can be mounted to the right or left of the boiler. Exact height positioning defined by the fitter during assembly.

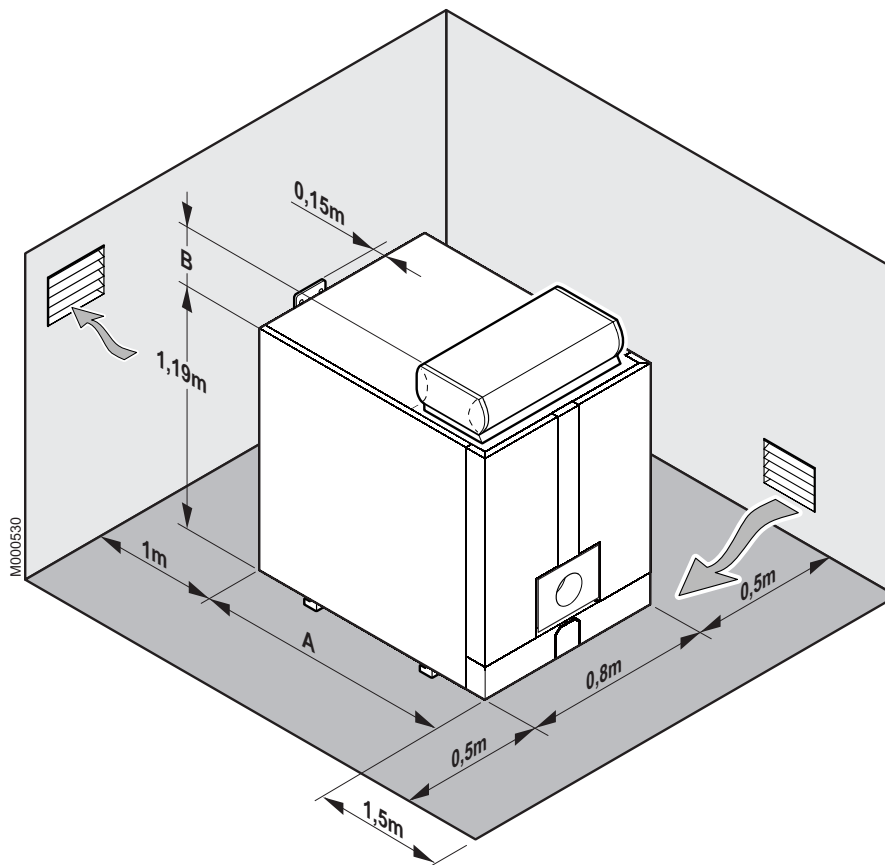
| Boiler | GT... | GT 334 | GT 335 | GT 336 | GT 337 | GT 338 | GT 339 |
|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Standard panel | A | 130 | 130 | 130 | 130 | 130 | 130 |
| | B | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| | C | 165 | 165 | 165 | 165 | 165 | 165 |
| | D | 738 | 738 | 738 | 738 | 738 | 738 |
| | H | 1297 | 1297 | 1297 | 1297 | 1297 | 1297 |
| Table K3 + DIEMATIC-m3 + B3 | A | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 | 355 |
| | B | 195 | 195 | 195 | 195 | 195 | 195 |
| | C | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 | 145 |
| | D | 755 | 755 | 755 | 755 | 755 | 755 |
| | H | 1387 | 1387 | 1387 | 1387 | 1387 | 1387 |
| L (mm) | | 991 | 1151 | 1311 | 1471 | 1631 | 1791 |
| P (mm) | | 490 | 650 | 810 | 970 | 1130 | 1290 |
| R (mm) | | 180 | 180 | 180 | 200 | 200 | 200 |

4.3.2 Position of the boiler

For the assembly and because of their design, GT 330 boilers require no special base. Their closed furnace system means that the floor need not have refractory properties. All you have to ensure is that the floor can support the weight of the boiler when it is fitted for operation.

If the boiler location is not determined precisely, leave enough space around the boiler to facilitate monitoring and maintenance operations.

The dimensions (in mm) correspond to the minimum recommended dimensions needed to ensure adequate accessibility around the boiler.



| Boiler | | GT 334 | GT 335 | GT 336 | GT 337 | GT 338 | GT 339 |
|--------|------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Size A | mm | 840 | 1000 | 1160 | 1320 | 1480 | 1640 |
| B | Standard panel | mm | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| | K3 control panel B3 | mm | 195 | 195 | 195 | 195 | 195 |
| | DIEMATIC-m3 | | | | | | |


! Pay attention to the overall volume of the burner when the door is open. To install several boilers in cascade, these dimensions should be adapted accordingly.

4.3.3 Ventilation

To allow the input of combustive air, sufficient ventilation must be provided in the boiler room, for which the cross section and emplacement must satisfy regulations in force in the country in which the boiler is installed.

Position the air inlets in relation to the high ventilation vents in order that the air is refreshed throughout the boiler room.

 **Do not obstruct the air inlets in the room (even partially).**

 **In order to avoid damage to the boiler, it is necessary to prevent the contamination of combustion air by chlorine and/or fluoride compounds, which are particularly corrosive.**

These compounds are present, for example, in aerosol sprays, paints, solvents, cleaning products, washing products, detergents, glues, snow clearing salts, etc.

Therefore:

- Do not pull in air evacuated from premises using such products: hairdressing salons, dry cleaners, industrial premises (solvents), premises containing refrigeration systems (risk of refrigerant leakage), etc.
- Do not stock such products close to the boilers.

If the boiler and/or peripheral equipment are corroded by such chloride or fluoride compounds, the contractual guarantee cannot be applied.

France

The minimum cross sections and the emplacement of the fresh air inlet and the air discharge are governed by the order of 21/03/1968 amended by the orders of 26/02/1974 and 03/03/1976.

■ Generator installed in a building for collective use (installations less than 70 kW)

- ▶ The fresh air inlet must:
 - Come out in the lower section of the premises,
 - Have a free minimum cross section calculated on the basis of 0.03 dm² per kilowatt installed output and at least equal to 2.5 dm².
- ▶ The air discharge must:
 - Be located in the upper section of the premises,
 - Rise above the roof (unless using an equivalent system which does not cause a nuisance to neighbours),
 - Have a free cross section (corresponding to 2/3 of that of the air inlet and at least equal to 2.5 dm²).

■ Generator installed in a building for individual use

- ▶ An adequate supply of fresh air must be provided as close as possible to the appliances. Its cross section must be at least 0.5 dm².
- ▶ In the upper section of the premises, an air outlet must ensure effective ventilation.

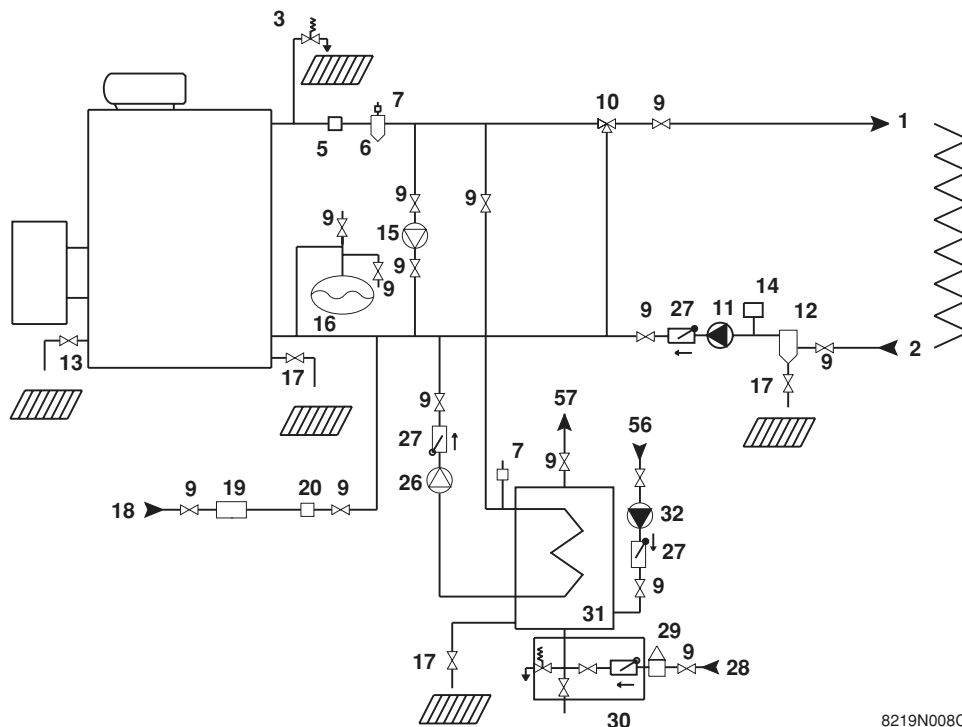
■ Establishments open to the public

- ▶ New establishment: Refer to the order of 25/06/1980 (installations of more than 20 kW and less than or equal to 70 kW).
- ▶ Existing establishment: Refer to the order of 25/06/1980 (installations less than 70 kW).

4.4 Example of an installation

The example of an installation shown below does not cover every possible configuration. Its sole aim is to draw your attention to the basic rules to be respected.

GT 330 boiler with domestic hot water production using an independent tank



8219N008C

- | | | | |
|----|--|----|---|
| 1 | Heating flow | 17 | Drain cock |
| 2 | Heating return | 18 | Heating circuit filling (with disconnecter depending on prevailing regulations) |
| 3 | 3-bar safety valve + Pressure gauge | 19 | Water treatment |
| 5 | Flow switch | 20 | Water meter |
| 6 | Air separator | 26 | DHW load pump |
| 7 | Automatic air vent | 27 | Non-return valve |
| 9 | Isolating valve | 28 | Domestic cold water inlet |
| 10 | 3-way mixing valve | 29 | Pressure reducer (if mains pressure > 5.5 bar) |
| 11 | Boiler pump | 30 | Safety unit calibrated to 7 bar with indicator type discharge |
| 12 | Sludge decanting pot (particularly recommended on older installations) | 31 | Independent domestic hot water tanks |
| 13 | Flush valve | 32 | Domestic hot water loop pump (optional) |
| 14 | Water low safety pressure-sensitive switch | 56 | Domestic hot water circulation loop return |
| 15 | Shunt pump | 57 | Domestic hot water outlet |
| 16 | Expansion vessel | | |


4.5 Hydraulic connections

4.5.1 Flushing the system

■ Installing the boiler in new installations (installations less than 6 months old)

- ▶ Clean the installation with a universal cleaner to eliminate debris from the system (copper, hemp, flux).
- ▶ Thoroughly flush the installation until the water runs clear and shows no impurities.

■ Installing the boiler in existing installations

- ▶ Remove sludge from the installation.
- ▶  See: Sludge removal.
- ▶ Flush the installation.
- ▶ Clean the installation with a universal cleaner to eliminate debris from the system (copper, hemp, flux).
- ▶ Thoroughly flush the installation until the water runs clear and shows no impurities.

4.5.2 Sludge removal

A tapped Rp 2" 1/2 hole with a plug has been provided on the bottom of the front of the boiler. Fit a 1/4 turn valve (not supplied) on the opening to remove the sludge.

Sludge removal leads to the draining of large quantities of water, so remember to refill the system after the operation.

After this operation, go ahead and fill the installation.

 See: Filling the system.

i never replace a boiler in an existing system without carefully rinsing the system first. Install a sludge decanting pot on the return pipe, very close to the boiler.

4.5.3 Hydraulic connection of the heating circuit

■ Water flow in the boiler

The water flow in the boiler when the burner is operating must correspond with the following formulae:

- Nominal water flow $Q_n = 0.86 P_n / 20$
- Minimum flow $Q_{min} = 0.86 P_n / 45$ (this flow also corresponds with the minimum recycle flow in the boiler)
- Maximum water flow $Q_{max} = 0.86 P_n / 5$

Q_n = flow in m^3/h

P_n = Nominal output (full boiler output) in kW.

- Operation at modulated low temperature (minimum outlet temperature: 30°C); The burner can modulate down to 50% of the nominal stage.

■ Operation in cascade

After stopping the burner:

- Timeout required before the order to close a 2 way valve: 3 min.
- Switch a possible shunt pump (located between the boiler and a butterfly valve) off via the end of run contact of the butterfly valve.

■ Operation with 2-stage burner

- The water temperature in the boiler is maintained at 50°C or more; The first stage must be set to a minimum of 30% of the nominal stage.
- Operation at modulated low temperature (minimum outlet temperature: 30°C); The first stage must be set to a minimum of 50% of the nominal stage.

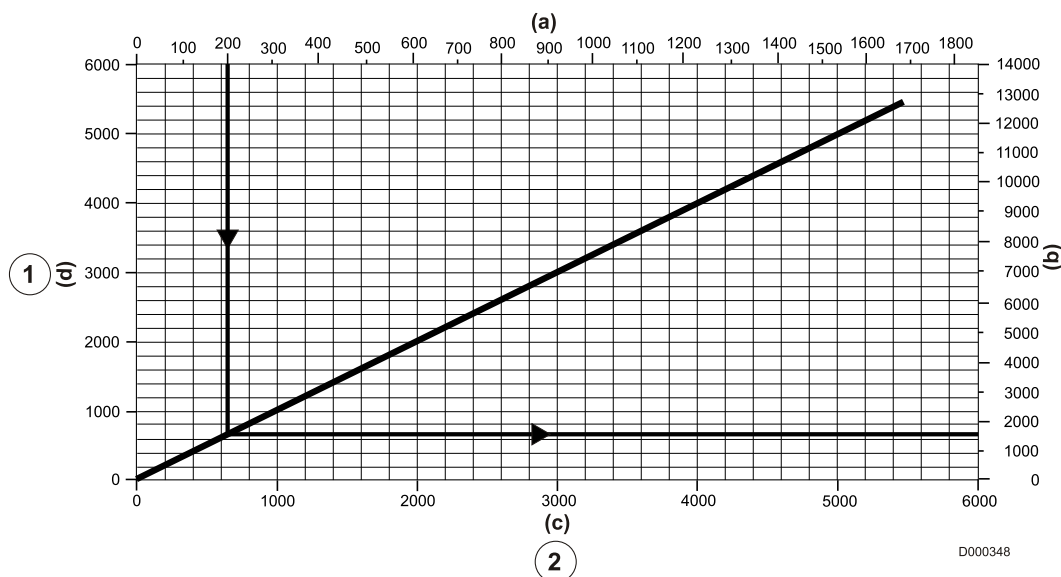
■ Operation with modulating burner

- The water temperature in the boiler is maintained at 50°C or more; The burner can modulate down to 30% of the nominal stage.

4.5.4 Safety valve

The safety valve must be connected to the boiler outlet and no other valve or flap must be interposed between it and the boiler.

■ Minimum safety valve flowrate as a function of maximum boiler nominal output




- ① Minimum relieving capacity
 - ② Maximum gross boiler output
- Unit (a) = kW
 (b) = lb/h
 (c) = MBtu/h
 (d) = Kg/h

Example

Maximum boiler nominal output is 200 kW.
 Minimum safety valve flowrate must be 700 Kg/h.

4.5.5 Connection of the water circuit for domestic use

 See: Domestic hot water calorifier instructions.

4.6 Chimney connection

The high-performance features of modern boilers and their use in specific conditions as a result of the advance in burner technology (e.g. first-stage or low modulation range operation) lead to very low flue gas temperatures (<160°C):

For this reason:

- Use flue gas pipes designed to enable the flow of condensates which may result from such operating modes in order to prevent damage to the chimney.
- Install a draining tee at the bottom of the chimney.

The use of a draught moderator is recommended as well.

- As a last resort (old, outside, badly insulated chimney), the baffle plates in the 4 upper flue ways can be partially removed, resulting in an increase in the flue gas temperature.

4.6.1 Flue size

France: Refer to applicable regulations while determining the size of the flue.

Please note that GT 330 boilers have pressurised and tight furnaces and that the pressure at the connection to the chimney must not exceed 0 mbar, unless special sealing precautions have been taken, for instance in order to connect a static condenser/regenerator.



In order for the boiler to operate correctly, it is imperative to respect the draught at the nozzle (= 0).

4.6.2 Connection to the flue gas pipe

The connection shall be removable, and offer minimum load losses, i.e. it must be as short as possible with no sudden change in section.

Its diameter shall always be at least equal to that of the boiler outlet, i.e.:

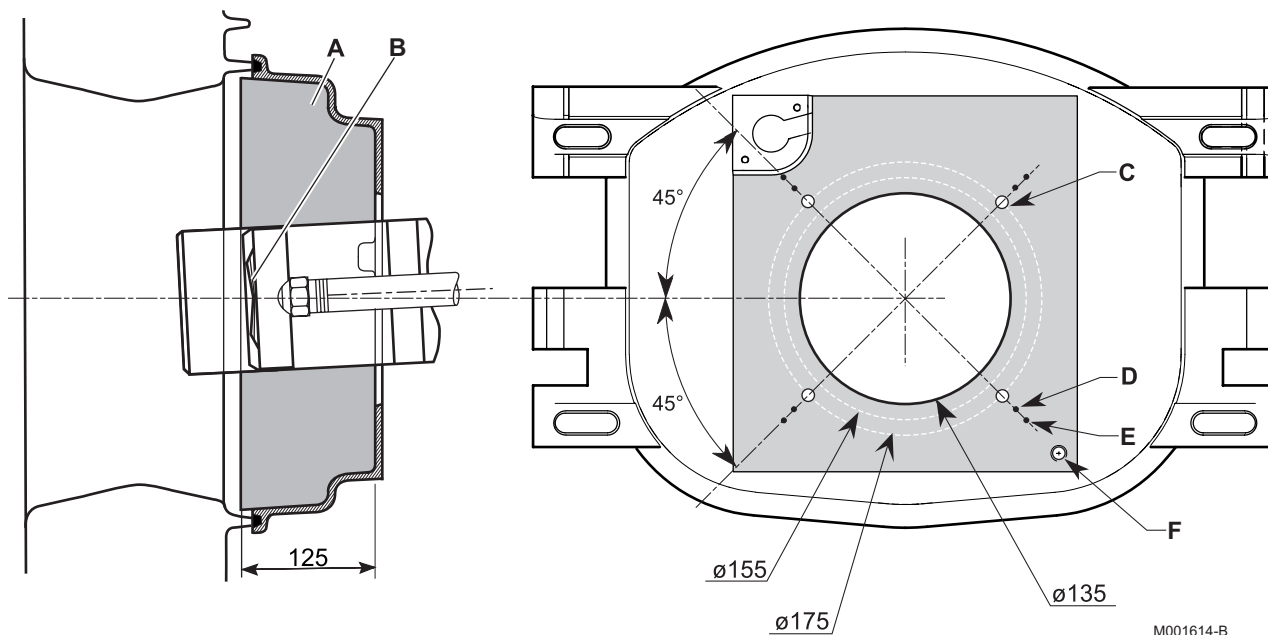
- Ø 180 mm: for 4 to 6 sections
- Ø 200 mm: for 7 to 9 sections

Fit a measuring point (Ø 10 mm hole) on the flue, in order to adjust the burner (combustion check).

4.7 Fuel-oil or gas connections

 Refer to the instructions supplied with the burner.


 The burner head deflector must be flush with the insulation of the burner door.



- A Furnace door insulation
- B Turbulator
- C 4 markings on $\varnothing 170$

- D 4 markings on $\varnothing 200$
- E 4 markings on $\varnothing 220$
- F Pressure gauge measurement socket


4.8 Electrical connections


 Refer to the connection instructions supplied with the control panel..

4.9 Filling the system

Filling shall be performed with a low flow rate from a low point in the boiler room in order to ensure that all the air in the boiler is bled from the high point of the system.

All the pumps must be stopped before filling (included shunt pump(s)).

 Do not add cold water suddenly into the boiler when it is hot.

 **VERY IMPORTANT: Instructions for starting up the boiler for the first time after the system is fully or partly drained: If all the air is not bled naturally to an expansion vessel which opens out onto the air, the system must include manual bleeder valves, in addition to automatic bleeder valves with the capability to bleed the system by themselves when it is operating, the manual bleeder valves are used to bleed all the high points of the system and to make sure that the filled system is free of air before the burner is turned on.**


5 Commissioning

 See:

- Control panel instructions
- Burner instructions
- Domestic hot water calorifier instructions


6 Switching off the boiler

- ▶ Set the On/Off switch to **O**.

 See: Control panel instructions.

- ▶ Cut the gas supply to the boiler (if present).

■ DIEMATIC-m3 control panel

 **The panel must always be supplied with 230V voltage:**

- to ensure the anti-grip of the heating pump,
- to ensure Titan Active System® operation when a titanium anode is protecting the DHW tank.

Use the mode:

- summer to shut down the heating.
- antifreeze to shut down the boiler if you are to be absent.

6.1 Precautions required in the case of long boiler stops

- The boiler and the chimney must be swept carefully.
- Close all the doors of the boiler to prevent air from circulating inside the boiler.
- We advise removing the pipe which connects the boiler to the chimney and to close off the nozzle with a cover.

6.2 Precautions required if the heating is stopped when there is a risk of freezing

We recommend the use of a correctly dosed antifreeze agent to prevent to the heating circuit from freezing.

If this cannot be done, drain the system completely.

7 Checking and maintenance

7.1 System maintenance

7.1.1 Water level

Regularly check the level of water in the system and top up if required, taking care that cold water is not added suddenly into the boiler when it is hot.

The use of an automatic filling is strongly discouraged.

This operation should be required only a few times in each heating season, with very low quantities of water; otherwise, look for the leak and repair it.

7.1.2 Draining

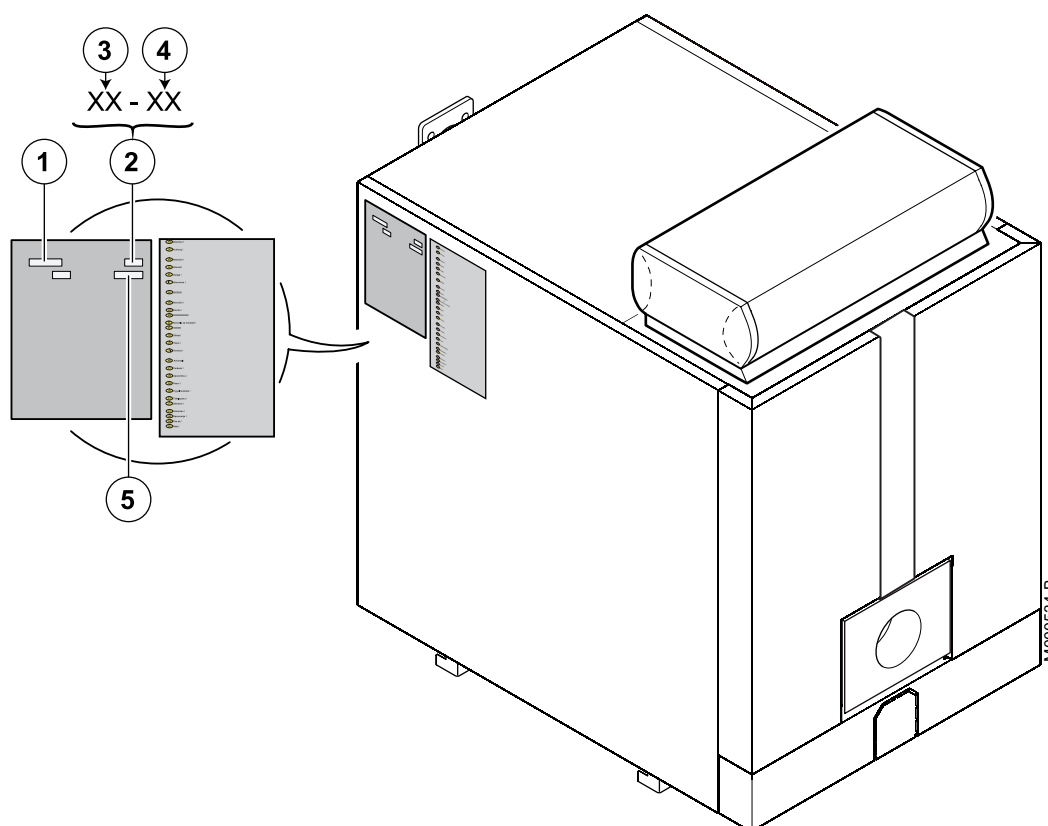
⚠ We advise you against draining the system unless it is absolutely necessary.

For example: Several months' absence with the risk of ice in the building.

7.2 Type plate

The rating plate fixed on the side of the boiler during installation is used to identify the boiler correctly and also provides the main specifications of the boiler.

- ① Boiler type
- ② Manufacturing date
- ③ Year of manufacture
- ④ Week of manufacture
- ⑤ Serial no. of the appliance



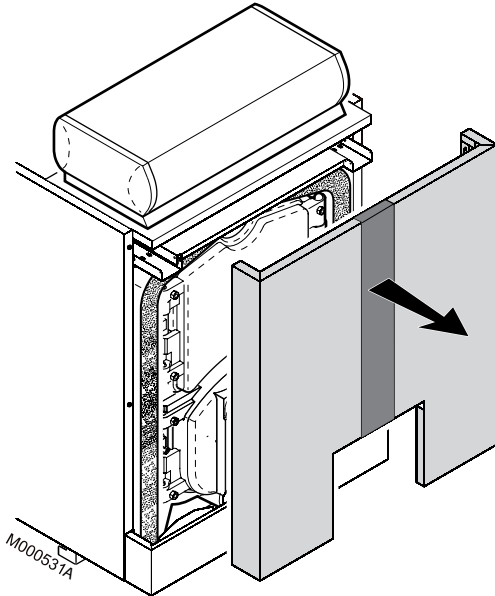
7.3 Maintenance

! The boiler will only operate efficiently if the exchange surfaces are kept clean.

The boiler must be cleaned as often as necessary and, like the chimney, **at least once a year** or more in accordance with the prevailing regulations and the insurance contract taken out.

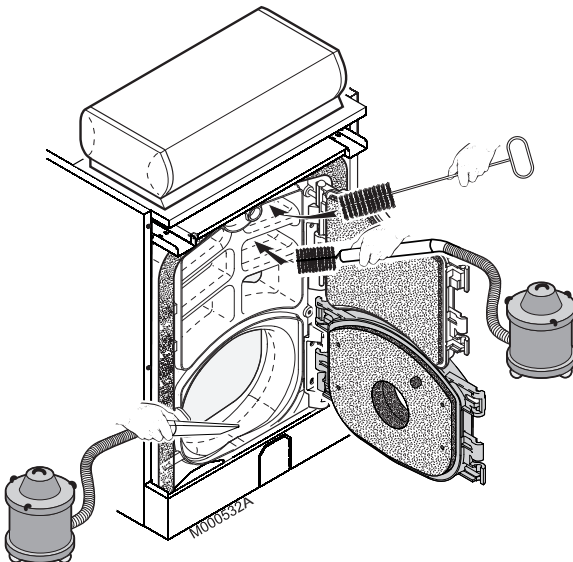
! The operations described below shall only be performed with the boiler and power supply off.

7.3.1 Cleaning the flue gas circuit



- Unhook the front panel.
- Open the cleaning door (top door) by unscrewing the 4 closing nuts (17 mm spanner).
- Remove the baffle plates.
- Carefully sweep the flue ways with the brush supplied for that purpose.
- Also sweep the baffle plates and the front panel.
- If possible, use a vacuum cleaner.
- Replace the baffle plates.
- Close the door.

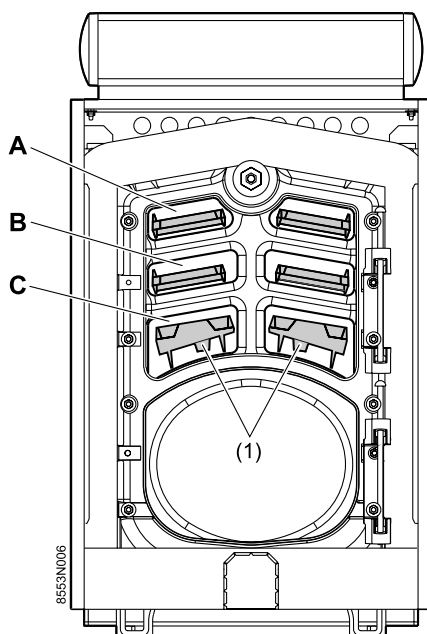
7.3.2 Cleaning the combustion chamber



- Unscrew the 4 closing nuts and open the furnace door.
- Brush out the inside of the furnace.
- Use a vacuum cleaner to remove any soot which has accumulated in the combustion chamber.
- Close the door and replace the front panel.

7.3.3 Positioning of the baffle plates

- !** The first two baffle plates in the 2 lower flue ways are fitted with stops allowing them to be positioned in the required emplacement.



(1) Stop

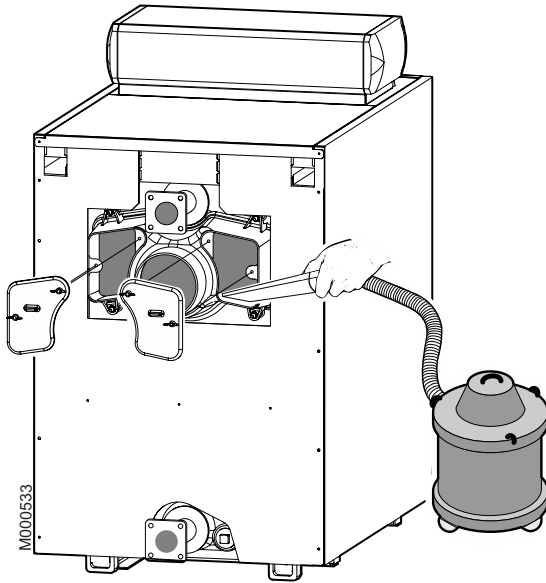
- Boilers for following countries: France, Germany, Austria, Belgium, Spain, Italy, Luxemburg, Poland, Portugal, Slovenia, Czech Republic, Switzerland

| Baffles | | Flue ways | GT 334 | GT 335 | GT 336 | GT 337 | GT 338 | GT 339 |
|---------|-----------------|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Upper | Length: 410 mm | A + B | - | 8 | 8 | 4 | - | - |
| | Length: 570 mm | A + B | 4 | - | - | 4 | 8 | 8 |
| Lower | Length : 412 mm | C | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 2 |
| | Length: 572 mm | C | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |

- Boilers for following countries: Algeria, Bulgaria, China, Finland, Greece, Ireland, Jordan, Lebanon, Morocco, Norway, Romania, Russia, Syria, Tunisia, Turkey

| Baffles | | Flue ways | GT 334 | GT 335 | GT 336 | GT 337 | GT 338 | GT 339 |
|---------|-----------------|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Upper | Length: 410 mm | A + B | - | 8 | 8 | - | - | - |
| | Length: 570 mm | A + B | 4 | - | - | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Lower | Length : 412 mm | C | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |

7.3.4 Cleaning the flue gas box



- Remove the left and right cleaning hatches from the flue gas box (2 butterfly screws) and use a vacuum cleaner to remove any soot which has accumulated.
- Replace the cleaning hatches.

7.3.5 Chemical sweeping

■ General principle

Boilers are traditionally swept mechanically. There are now chemical sweeping methods which facilitate this maintenance work.

A chemical reagent is applied to the boiler's heating surfaces.

After application, the reaction is completed by igniting the burner. The initial deposits are neutralised and pyrolised. The remaining pulverent residues are easy to remove by sweeping or vacuum cleaning.

■ The products

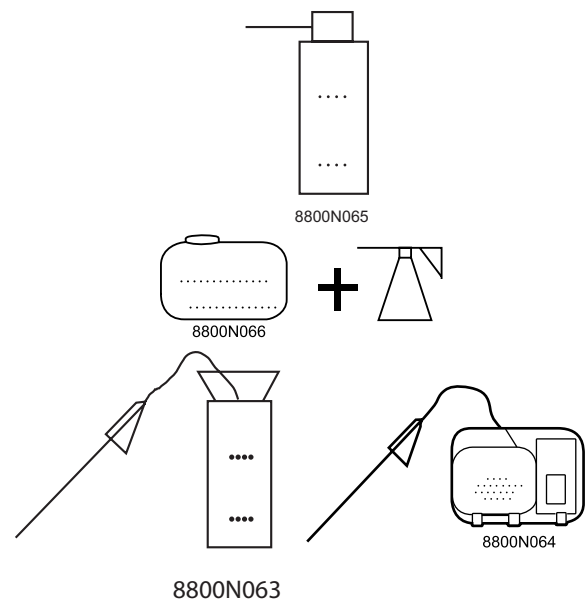
The product must be suitable for boilers with a cast iron body. Various manufacturers offer products in the form of a concentrated liquid or aerosol.

The aerosols are packaged in 0.5 to 1 l spray cans for treating domestic boilers. Refer to the instructions supplied with the product.

The liquid products are available in 1 to 50 l containers. These concentrated liquids are diluted before application with a spray.

Sprays exist in various forms suitable for their intended use:

- Low capacity (2 or 3 l) spray with built-in reservoir for small boilers and moderate frequency. Manual pressurisation of the reservoir.
- 5 l spray with separate reservoir, nozzle and connecting tube. The nozzles enable easy application at the back of the combustion chamber. Manual pressurisation of the reservoir.
- Motor-assisted pressurisation spray with reservoir, nozzle and connecting tube. These sprays are intended for intensive use.



■ Operational mode

The operating mode mentioned corresponds to standard user situations. Refer to the manufacturer's instructions for specific advice on the product used.

■ Application

- Depending on the product, the boiler must be cold or heated. Refer to the instructions supplied with the product.
- Direct application to the heating surfaces with aerosol sprays.
- The concentrates are diluted in the proportions 1/5 to 1/20 (depending on the product and the condition of the boiler).
- Application with the spray is done in the upper part of the boiler and on the walls of the combustion chamber. Surfaces are dampened but not washed. It is not necessary to use the spray to get between the heating surfaces.
- A volume of one litre of solution is generally used for 1 m² of heating surface (domestic boiler), i.e. 0.05 to 0.2 l of concentrate.

■ Ignition

The burner is ignited after allowing the product time to penetrate for 2 to 5 min. Refer to the instructions supplied with the product.

■ Cleaning

- Remove the baffle plates.
- Light sweeping will remove the pulverent residues remaining after combustion.
The remaining pulverent residues are easy to remove by sweeping or vacuum cleaning.
For certain products, brief application after cleaning has a preventive effect, limiting deposits on the heating surfaces.
- Replace the baffle plates.
- Close the door of the combustion chamber.
- Service the burner.
- Replace the front panel.

7.4 Cleaning the casing material

Use a soapy solution and a sponge only. Rinse with clean water and dry with chamois leather or a soft cloth.

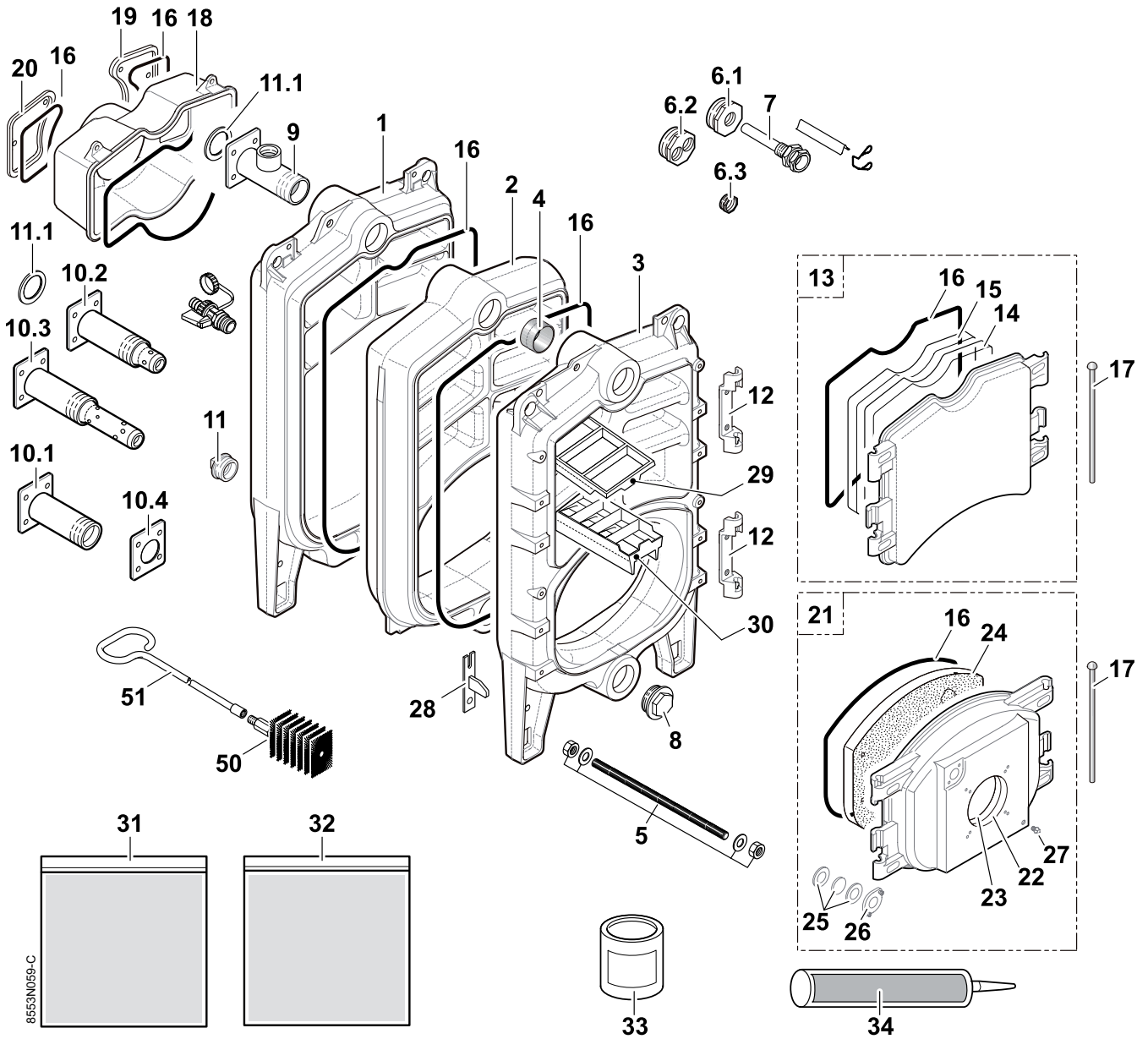
7.5 Maintenance of the burner

 Refer to the instructions supplied with the burner.

8 Spare parts - GT 330

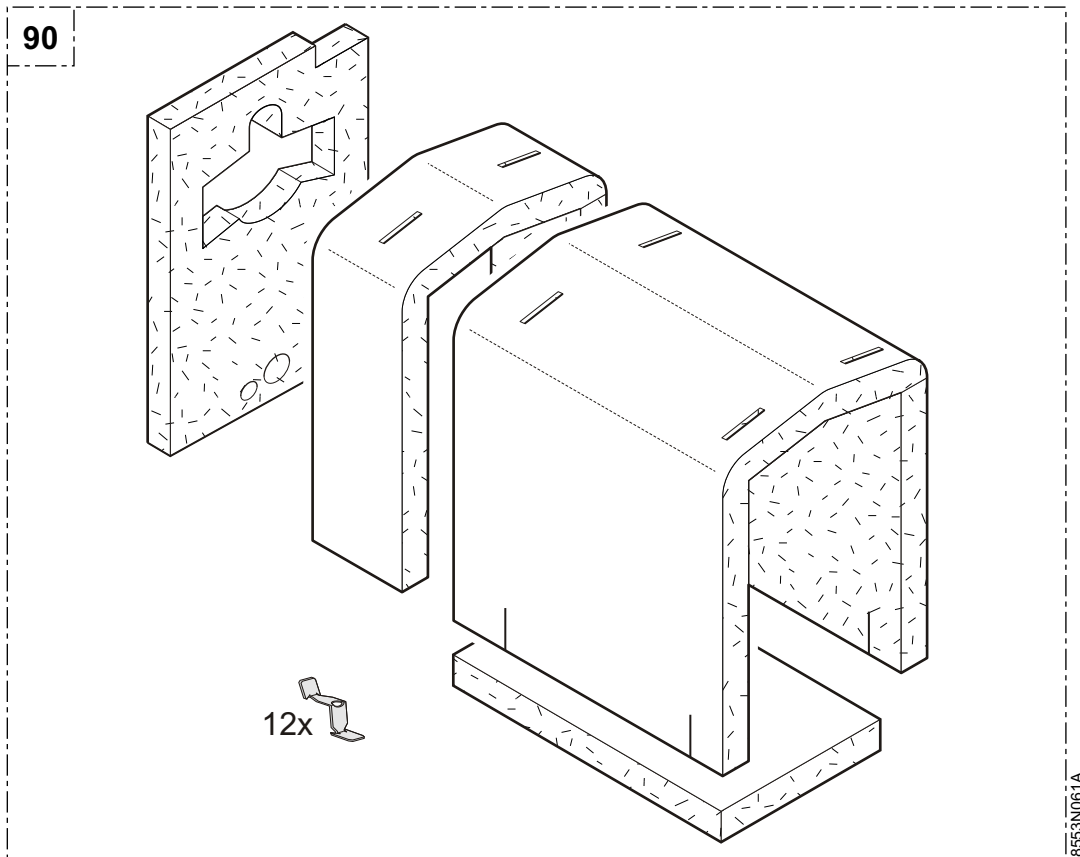
i To order a spare part, quote the reference number next to the part required.

Boiler body

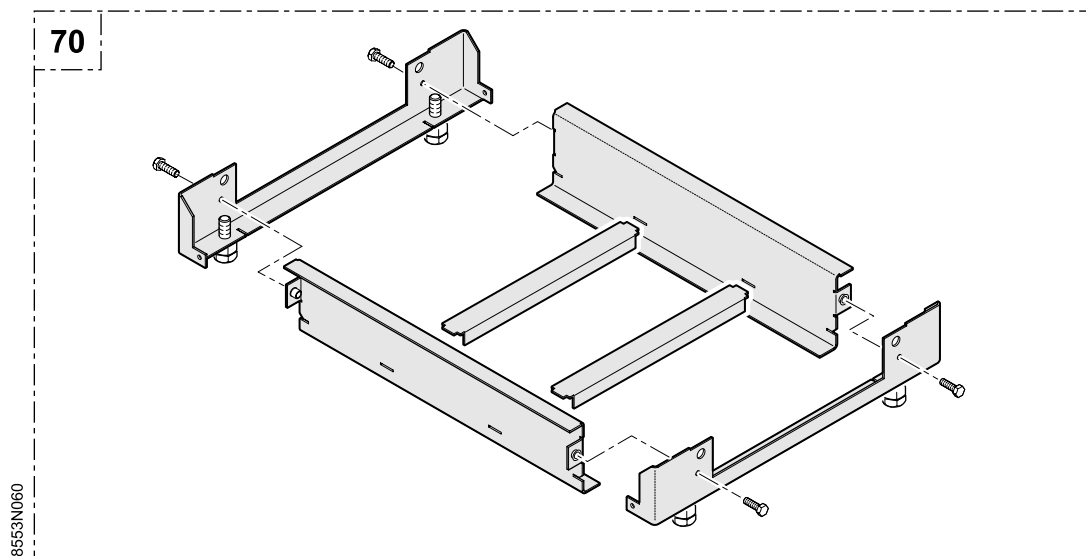


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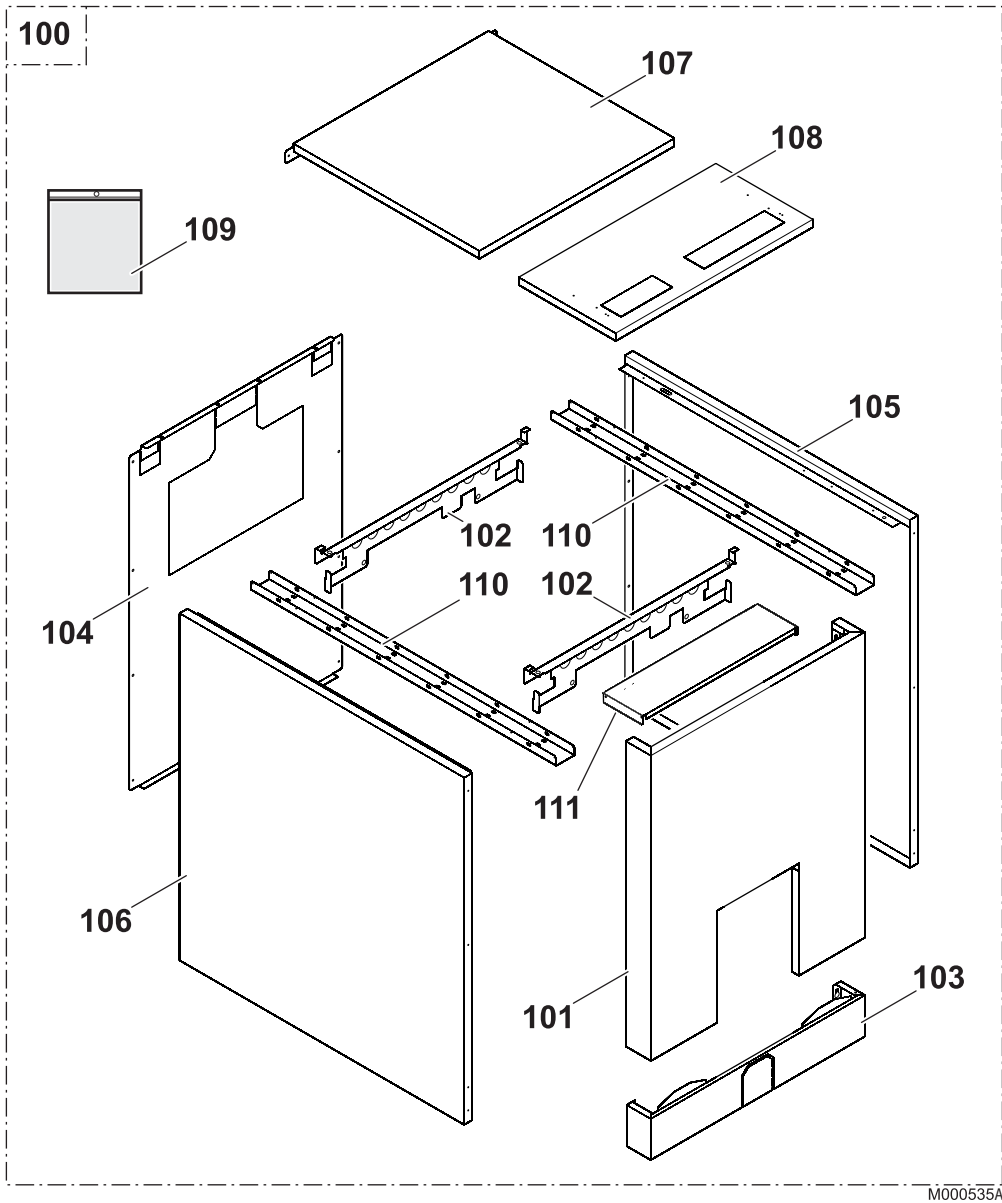
Insulation



Base frame




Casing

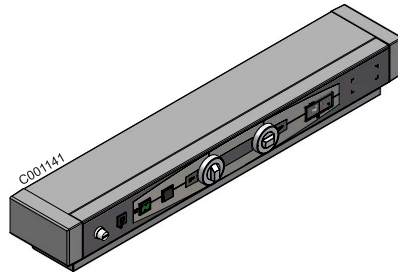


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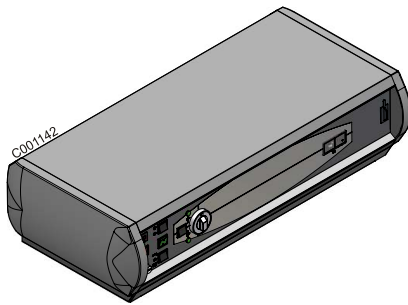
Control panels

 Refer to the Spare Parts list in the panel instructions.

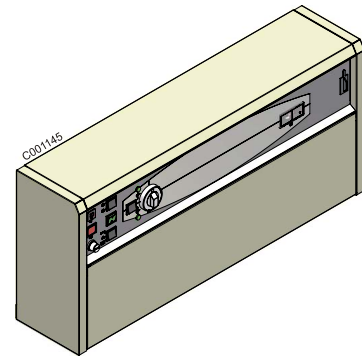
S3 control panel - Package MD4



K3 control panel

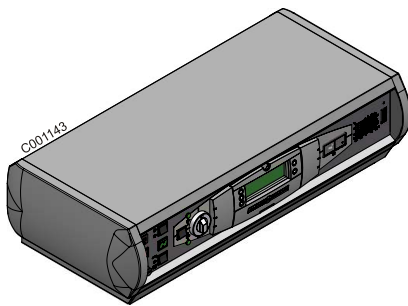


Separate panel - Package MD2

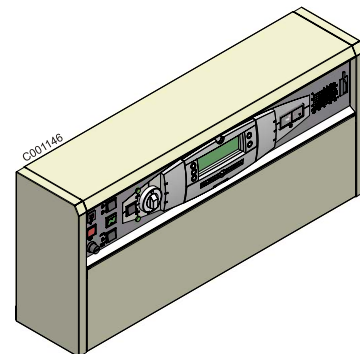


Side panel - Package MD139

DIEMATIC-m3 control panel

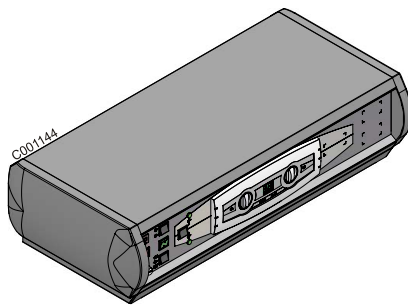


Separate panel - Package MD1

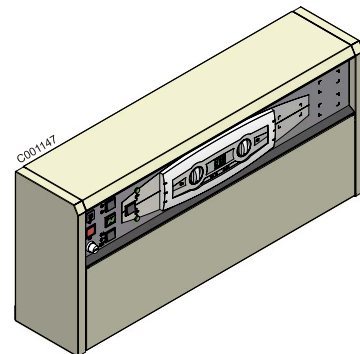


Side panel - Package MD138

B3 control panel



Separate panel - Package MD3



Side panel - Package MD140

| Markers | Code no. | Description |
|---------|-----------|--|
| | | Boiler body |
| 1 | 82198912 | Complete rear section |
| 2 | 8219-8966 | Special intermediate section |
| 3 | 8219-8976 | Complete front section |
| 4 | 8116-0571 | Nipple |
| 5 | 8219-8968 | Complete assembly rod, 4 sections |
| 5 | 8219-8969 | Complete assembly rod, 5 sections |
| 5 | 8219-8970 | Complete assembly rod, 6 sections |
| 5 | 8219-8971 | Complete assembly rod, 7 sections |
| 5 | 8219-8972 | Complete assembly rod, 8 sections |
| 5 | 8219-8973 | Complete assembly rod, 9 sections |
| 6.1 | 8202-0028 | Plug 2 1/2" - 1/2" |
| 6.2 | 8209-0049 | Plug 2 1/2" - 1/2" - NL |
| 6.3 | 94948080 | Nipple N 241 - 1/2"x1/4" |
| 7 | 9536-5611 | Rp 1/2 sensor tube |
| 8 | 8013-0028 | Plug 2 1/2" - 1/2" |
| 9 | 8553-5513 | Flow flange, 4 to 9 sections |
| 10.1 | 8553-5514 | Return flange, 4 to 5 sections |
| 10.2 | 8553-5515 | Return flange + distribution pipe, 6 to 8 sections |
| 10.3 | 8553-5516 | Return flange + distribution pipe, 9 sections |
| 10.4 | 9754-9178 | Counter flange |
| 11 | 9495-0249 | Male plug 290 T9 - R 1 1/2 |
| 11.1 | 9501-4122 | Flange gasket |
| 12 | 8104-8984 | Hinge |
| 13 | 8219-8916 | Sweeping door |
| 14 | 9425-0306 | Inner protection, sweeping door |
| 15 | 9425-0305 | Insulation, sweeping door |
| 16 | 9508-6032 | 10 Ø thermocord gasket |
| 17 | 9756-0203 | Pin Ø 12x350 |
| 18 | 8219-8913 | Ø 180 complete nozzle |
| 18 | 8219-8914 | Ø 200 complete nozzle |
| 19 | 8219-0206 | Right hand nozzle cover |
| 20 | 8219-0207 | Left hand nozzle cover |
| 21 | 8219-8953 | Complete combustion chamber door, ø 135 |
| 22 | 9425-0303 | Internal protection, combustion chamber door |
| 23 | 9425-0302 | Furnace door guard |
| 24 | 9425-0301 | Furnace door insulation |
| 25 | 8015-7700 | Sight glass + gaskets |
| 26 | 9757-0027 | Inspection flange |
| 27 | 9495-0050 | Plug 1/4" |
| 28 | 8219-0539 | Guide rail for combustion chamber door |
| 29 | 8219-0017 | Upper baffle plate, 410 |
| 29 | 8219-0018 | Upper baffle plate, 570 |
| 30 | 8219-0019 | Lower baffle plate, 412 |
| 30 | 8219-0020 | Lower baffle plate, 572 |
| 31 | 8219-7724 | Body screws packet |
| 32 | 8219-8957 | Bag of screws for furnace door |
| 33 | 9430-5027 | 0.3 kg can nipple lubricant |

| Markers | Code no. | Description |
|---------|-----------|---|
| 34 | 9428-5095 | Mastic Novasil S 17 |
| | | Miscellaneous |
| 50 | 9750-5025 | Brush |
| 51 | 9750-5076 | 1000 mm brush rod |
| 51 | 9750-5060 | 1300 mm brush rod |
| | | Base frame |
| 70 | 8553-7060 | Complete frame 4 sections Package FD 30 |
| 70 | 8553-7061 | Complete frame 5 sections Package FD 31 |
| 70 | 8553-7062 | Complete frame 6 sections Package FD 32 |
| 70 | 8553-7063 | Complete frame 7 sections Package FD 33 |
| 70 | 8553-7064 | Complete frame 8 sections Package FD 34 |
| 70 | 8553-7065 | Complete frame 9 sections Package FD 35 |
| | | Insulation |
| 90 | 8553-5507 | Complete boiler body insulation, 4 sections |
| 90 | 8553-5508 | Complete boiler body insulation, 5 sections |
| 90 | 8553-5509 | Complete boiler body insulation, 6 sections |
| 90 | 8553-5510 | Complete boiler body insulation, 7 sections |
| 90 | 8553-5511 | Complete boiler body insulation, 8 sections |
| 90 | 8953-5512 | Complete boiler body insulation, 9 sections |
| | | Casing |
| 100 | 200005572 | GT 334 casing - except : China |
| 100 | 200005573 | GT 335 casing - except : China |
| 100 | 200005574 | GT 336 casing - except : China |
| 100 | 200005575 | GT 337 casing - except : China |
| 100 | 200005576 | GT 338 casing - except : China |
| 100 | 200005577 | GT 339 casing - except : China |
| 101 | 200005570 | Front panel - except : China |
| 101 | 200012251 | Front panel - China |
| | 200012791 | H plate - GT334 (China) |
| | 200012792 | H plate - GT335 (China) |
| | 200012793 | H plate - GT336 (China) |
| | 200012794 | H plate - GT337 (China) |
| | 200012795 | H plate - GT338 (China) |
| | 200012796 | H plate - GT339 (China) |
| 102 | 200004840 | Upper crosspiece |
| 103 | 200005571 | Lower cap |
| 104 | 200005032 | Complete rear panel |
| 105 | 200005033 | Complete side panel right, 4 sections |
| 105 | 200005034 | Complete side panel right, 5 sections |

| Markers | Code no. | Description |
|---------|-----------|--|
| 105 | 200005035 | Complete side panel right, 6 sections |
| 105 | 200005036 | Complete side panel right, 7 sections |
| 105 | 200005037 | Complete side panel right, 8 sections |
| 105 | 200005038 | Complete side panel right, 9 sections |
| 106 | 200005039 | Complete side panel left, 4 sections |
| 106 | 200005040 | Complete side panel left, 5 sections |
| 106 | 200005041 | Complete side panel left, 6 sections |
| 106 | 200005042 | Complete side panel left, 7 sections |
| 106 | 200005043 | Complete side panel left, 8 sections |
| 106 | 200005044 | Complete side panel left, 9 sections |
| 107 | 200004830 | Complete rear cover, 4 sections |
| 107 | 200004831 | Complete rear cover, 5 sections |
| 107 | 200004832 | Complete rear cover, 6 sections |
| 107 | 200004833 | Complete rear cover, 7 sections |
| 107 | 200004834 | Complete rear cover, 8 sections |
| 107 | 200004835 | Complete rear cover, 9 sections |
| 108 | 200005045 | Complete front cover |
| 109 | 200005046 | Screw bag |
| | | |
| | | Cable channel |
| 110 | 200004849 | 4-section cable way |
| 110 | 200004850 | 5-section cable way |
| 110 | 200004851 | 6-section cable way |
| 110 | 200004852 | 7-section cable way |
| 110 | 200004853 | 8-section cable way |
| 110 | 200004854 | 9-section cable way |
| 111 | 200004841 | Cable protection |
| | | |
| | | Control panels |
| | | Refer to the connection instructions supplied with the control panel.. |
| | | |

Warranty

You have just purchased one of our appliances and we thank you for the trust you have placed in our products. Please note that your appliance will provide good service for a longer period of time if it is regularly checked and maintained. Your fitter and our customer support network are at your disposal at all times.

■ Warranty terms

Starting from the purchase date shown on the original fitter's invoice, your appliance has a contractual guarantee against any manufacturing defect.

The length of the guarantee is mentioned in the price catalogue.

The manufacturer is not liable for any improper use of the appliance or failure to maintain or install the unit correctly (the user shall take care to ensure that the system is installed by a qualified fitter). In particular, the manufacturer shall not be held responsible for any damage, loss or injury caused by installations which do not comply with the following:

- applicable local laws and regulations
- specific requirements relating to the installation, such as national and/or local regulations
- the manufacturer's instructions, in particular those relating to the regular maintenance of the unit
- the rules of the profession

The warranty is limited to the exchange or repair of such parts as have been recognised to be faulty by our technical department and does not cover labour, travel and carriage costs. The warranty shall not apply to the replacement or repair of parts damaged by normal wear and tear, negligence, repairs by unqualified parties, faulty or insufficient monitoring and maintenance, faulty power supply or the use of unsuitable fuel. Sub-assemblies such as motors, pumps, electric valves etc. are guaranteed only if they have never been dismantled.

■ France

The preceding dispositions are not exclusive of benefits for the purchaser of the legal guarantee as stated in Civil Code articles 1641 to 1648.

■ Poland

Warranty conditions are included in the warranty card.

■ Switzerland

The application of the warranty is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, delivery and warranty of the company marketing our products.

■ Belgium

The preceding dispositions about the contractual guarantee are not exclusive of profit if the need arises for the purchaser in Belgium of the applicable legal dispositions on hidden defects.

■ Italy

The duration of our warranty is shown on the certificate delivered with the appliance.

Our liability as manufacturer may not be invoked in respect of incorrect use of the appliance, incorrect or insufficient maintenance thereof, or incorrect installation of the appliance (you must therefore ensure that installation and maintenance operations are carried out respectively by a qualified professional and by an after sales service company).

The legislation laid down by European Directive 99/44/EEC, transposed by Legislative Decree No. 24 of 2 February 2002 published in O.J. No. 57 of 8 March 2002, continues to apply.

■ Russia

The foregoing provisions in no way affect the rights of the consumer, which are guaranteed by the legislation of the Russian Federation as regards hidden defects.

The terms and conditions of warranty and the terms and conditions of application of the warranty are indicated on the warranty form.

The warranty shall not apply as regards the replacement or repair of wearing parts under normal use. Such parts include thermocouples, injection nozzles, flame control and ignition systems, fuses and gaskets.

■ Turkey

Due to the laws and regulations the product life for this product is 10 years. During that time the producer and/or the distributor has to provide after sales services and spare parts.

■ Other countries

The above provisions do not restrict the benefit of the legal laws regarding hidden defects applicable in the buyer's country.

Appendix

Information on space heater systems

1 Specific information

1.1 Recommendations


Note

Only qualified persons are authorised to assemble, install and maintain the installation.

1.2 Technical data

Tab.1 Technical parameters for boiler space heaters

| | | | GT 334 | GT 335 | GT 336 |
|--|-----------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| Condensing boiler | | | No | No | No |
| Low-temperature boiler ⁽¹⁾ | | | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| B1 boiler | | | No | No | No |
| Cogeneration space heater | | | No | No | No |
| Combination heater | | | No | No | No |
| Rated heat output | <i>Prated</i> | kW | 90 | 115 | 150 |
| Useful heat output at rated heat output and high temperature regime ⁽²⁾ | P_4 | kW | 90.0 | 115.0 | 150.0 |
| Useful heat output at 30% of rated heat output and low temperature regime ⁽¹⁾ | P_1 | kW | 28.2 | 36.0 | 47.0 |
| Useful efficiency at rated heat output and high temperature regime ⁽²⁾ | η_4 | % | 85.8 | 86.4 | 86.5 |
| Useful efficiency at 30% of rated heat output and low temperature regime ⁽¹⁾ | η_1 | % | 89.8 | 90.1 | 90.4 |
| Auxiliary electricity consumption | | | | | |
| Full load | <i>elmax</i> | kW | 0.366 | 0.366 | 0.556 |
| Part load | <i>elmin</i> | kW | 0.179 | 0.179 | 0.272 |
| Stand-by | P_{SB} | kW | 0.006 | 0.006 | 0.006 |
| Other characteristics | | | | | |
| Standby heat loss | P_{stby} | kW | 0.191 | 0.209 | 0.224 |
| Emissions of nitrogen oxides | NO _x | mg/kWh | 106 | 160 | 130 |
| Technical parameters obtained in association with the following burner: | | | M301-2S | M302-2S | M302-3S |
| (1) Low temperature means for condensing boilers 30°C, for low temperature boilers 37°C and for other heaters 50°C return temperature (at heater inlet). | | | | | |
| (2) High temperature regime means 60°C return temperature at heater inlet and 80°C feed temperature at heater outlet. | | | | | |

Tab.2 Technical parameters for boiler space heaters

| | | | GT 337 | GT 338 | GT 339 |
|--|---------------|----|--------|--------|--------|
| Condensing boiler | | | No | No | No |
| Low-temperature boiler ⁽¹⁾ | | | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| B1 boiler | | | No | No | No |
| Cogeneration space heater | | | No | No | No |
| Combination heater | | | No | No | No |
| Rated heat output | <i>Prated</i> | kW | 185 | 230 | 280 |
| Useful heat output at rated heat output and high temperature regime ⁽²⁾ | P_4 | kW | 185.0 | 230.0 | 280.0 |

| | | | GT 337 | GT 338 | GT 339 |
|--|-----------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| Useful heat output at 30% of rated heat output and low temperature regime ⁽³⁾ | P_1 | kW | 57.7 | 72.3 | 87.9 |
| Useful efficiency at rated heat output and high temperature regime ⁽⁴⁾ | η_4 | % | 86.3 | 86.5 | 86.8 |
| Useful efficiency at 30% of rated heat output and low temperature regime ⁽³⁾ | η_1 | % | 89.8 | 90.7 | 90.8 |
| Auxiliary electricity consumption | | | | | |
| Full load | el_{max} | kW | 0.556 | 1.006 | 1.006 |
| Part load | el_{min} | kW | 0.272 | 0.493 | 0.493 |
| Stand-by | P_{SB} | kW | 0.006 | 0.006 | 0.006 |
| Other characteristics | | | | | |
| Standby heat loss | P_{stby} | kW | 0.231 | 0.241 | 0.245 |
| Emissions of nitrogen oxides | NO _x | mg/kWh | 125 | 103 | 128 |
| Technical parameters obtained in association with the following burner: | | | M302-4S | M302-5S | M302-5S |
| (1) Low temperature means for condensing boilers 30°C, for low temperature boilers 37°C and for other heaters 50°C return temperature (at heater inlet). | | | | | |
| (2) High temperature regime means 60°C return temperature at heater inlet and 80°C feed temperature at heater outlet. | | | | | |

**See**

Technical parameters pertaining to the countries listed in paragraph 3.3.1 of the manual.

**See**

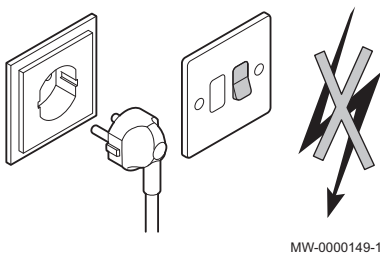
The back cover for contact details.

1.3 Disposal and Recycling

Fig.1 Recycling



Fig.2 Cutting the mains supply

**Warning**

Removal and disposal of the boiler must be carried out by a qualified installer in accordance with local and national regulations.

Proceed as follows to dismantle the boiler:

1. Cut the electrical power to the boiler.
2. Close the fuel supply device upstream of the boiler.
3. Disconnect the cables on the electrical components.
4. Close the water mains.
5. Drain the installation.
6. Remove the air vent hose above the siphon.
7. Remove the siphon.
8. Remove the air/flue gas pipes.
9. Disconnect all pipes on the underside of the boiler.
10. Scrap or recycle the boiler.

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